CBSE | DEPARTMENT OF SKILL EDUCATION

BANKING (SUBJECT CODE-811)

MARKING SCHEME FOR CLASS XI (SESSION 2022-2023)

Max. Time: 3 Hours

General Instructions:

- 1. Please read the instructions carefully.
- 2. This Question Paper consists of 24 questions in two sections Section A & Section B.
- 3. Section A has Objective type questions whereas Section B contains Subjective type questions.
- 4. Out of the given (6 + 18 =) 24 questions, a candidate has to answer (6 + 11 =) 17 questions in the allotted (maximum) time of 3 hours.
- 5. All questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.
- 6. SECTION A OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (30 MARKS):
 - i. This section has 06 questions.
 - ii. There is no negative marking.
 - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
 - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

7. SECTION B – SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (30 MARKS):

- i. This section contains 18 questions.
- **ii.** A candidate has to do 11 questions.
- **iii.** Do as per the instructions given.
- iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. No.	QUESTION	Source Material (NCERT/PSSCIVE/ CBSE Study Material)	Unit/ Chap. No.	Page no. of source material	Marks
Q. 1	Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions o	n Employability Skills (1 x 4 = 4 ı	marks)	
i.	(b) Nodding while listening	NCERT	1	15	1
ii.	External motivation	NCERT	2	95	1
iii.	(c) Left side	NCERT	3	110	1
iv.	(b) Grooming	NCERT	2	77	1
٧.	(a)Customer survey	NCERT	4	163	1
vi.	(d) Achieving a balance between economic, environmental and social needs	NCERT	5	180	1
Q. 2	Answer any 5 out of the given 7 questions (2	L x 5 = 5 marks)			
i.	(c) 18 months	CBSE Study Mat.	1	21	1
ii.	When banker hires safe deposit locker to the customer banker becomes the Lessor and customer the Lessee	CBSE Study Mat.	2	35	1
iii.	(b) Customer identification number	CBSE Study Mat.	2	58	1
iv.	(b) Unlimited	CBSE Study Mat.	2	39	1
ν.	(b)Consumer Durable Loan	CBSE Study Mat.	3	113	1
vi.	(b) Preceding Business day	CBSE Study Mat.	4	147	1
vii.	Personal Loan	CBSE Study Mat.	3	114	1
Q. 3	Answer any 6 out of the given 7 questions (2	L x 6 = 6 marks)			
i.	(b) Establish tax policies	CBSE Study Mat	1	24	1
ii.	Daily balance basis	CBSE Study Mat	2	47	1

Max. Marks: 60

iii.	(c) When any one or both parties are in need of funds	CBSE Study Mat	4	147	1
iv.	(b)A type of charge	CBSE Study Mat	3	113	1
v.	Protest is a formal certificate of the notary public attesting the dishonor of the bill by non-acceptance or by non- payment.	CBSE Study Mat	4	140	1
vi.	(d) Cash credit	CBSE Study Mat	3	86	1
vii.	2-in-1 deposits or Smart Deposits or Power Saving Deposits or Automatic Sweep Deposits etc.	CBSE Study Mat	2	47	1
Q. 4	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (2	1 x 5 = 5 marks)	•		
i.	(b) it acts as the link between the savers and the borrowers	CBSE Study Mat	1	27	1
ii.	(b)Current Account	CBSE Study Mat	2	52	1
iii.	(b) Demand	CBSE Study Mat	4	149	1
iv.	CRR	CBSE Study Mat	3	85	1
٧.	(c)Insurance	CBSE Study Mat	3	111	1
vi.	(c)Promissory Note	CBSE Study Mat	4	145	1
Q. 5	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (2			1	
i.	(b)The Imperial Bank of India	CBSE Study Mat	1	18	1
ii.	Minor's Account can be opened under the guardianshipof natural parents.	CBSE Study Mat	1	69	1
iii.	(a) ZERO	CBSE Study Mat	3	115	1
iv.	(a)Mutual Fund sale	CBSE Study Mat	3	114	1
٧.	(d) 90 days	CBSE Study Mat	4	128	1
vi.	The Bank promises to pay.	CBSE Study Mat	3	112	1
Q. 6	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (2	1 x 5 = 5 marks)			
i.	(a) Commercial Bank	CBSE Study Mat	1	17	1
ii.	(b)Consumer Banking	CBSE Study Mat	2	43	1
iii.	(b)When the customer invests in securities	CBSE Study Mat	2	37	1
iv.	A cheque issued by a branch of a bank against consideration received is known as Banker's cheque.	CBSE Study Mat	4	149	1
٧.	1881.	CBSE Study Mat	4	103	1
vi.	(b) Balance Rs. 15,000 has to be paid to the borrower	CBSE Study Mat	3	114	1

SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. No.	QUESTION	Source Material (NCERT/PSSCIVE/ CBSE Study Material)	Unit/ Chap. No.	Page no. of source material	Marks
Answer an	y 3 out of the given 5 questions on Employabili	y Skills in 20 – 30 wo	ords each	(2 x 3 = 6 m	arks)
Q. 7	Assertiveness means expressing your point	NCERT	1.	22	2
	of view in a way that is clear and direct,				
	while still respecting others. Communicating				
	in an assertive manner can help you to:				
	minimize conflict. control anger.				
Q. 8	1.Everyone has a role to play in a team, so	NCERT	2	86	2
	the pressure to succeed is not on one				
	individual 2. It helps you to have a support				
	system, as all team members help to fix any				
	mistake made by one team member				
Q. 9	1. A document can be stored in a	NCERT	3	107	2
	computer for future reference.				
	2. Have special editing tools eg spelling				
	and grammar checkers.				
	3. One can easily insert or replace a word				
	or phrase without affecting the				
	neatness of a document. (Any two)				
Q. 10	1. Understanding customer needs and	NCERT	4	161	2
	preferences				
	2. Competitive business				
Q. 11	Government: Governments and local	NCERT	5	181	2
	authorities make and implement sustainable				
	development laws, policies, strategies,				
	standards, programs, agreements with other				
	countries and actions.				
	Women: Women form one-half of the				
	population and have a big role in				
	households, society and the economy.				
	Sustainable development is possible only if				
	we focus on women's rights making them				
	participate fully in a green economy				
Answer an	y 3 out of the given 5 questions in 20 – 30 word	s each (2 x 3 = 6 mar	ks)		
Q. 12	Safety: Storing all of your earnings in a	CBSE Study	1	14	2
	place of residence just isn't safe in the	material			
	event of unforeseen occurrences such as				
	theft, flood, or fire.				
	Interest earnings: Another main reason				
	for keeping your money in the bank is				
	the payment that the bank makes to you				
	for placing your money with them				

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Q. 13	A Pass book is a sum	mary of financial	CBSE Study Mat.	2	65	2
	transactions which h	ave occurred over a				
	given period of time	on a bank account				
	held by a person or l	ousiness with a				
	financial institution.					
	there has been a shi	•				
	paperless, electronic					
Q. 14	· · ·	can enter into a	CBSE Study Mat.	2	39	2
Q. 14		nd her personal		2	33	-
		ank should observe				
	extra precautions re	egarding sanction of				
	overdraft / loan to	a married woman				
		e no remedy against				
		t have any personal				
		will not be liable for				
	following cases:	wife except in the				
	-	an is taken with his				
	consent or w					
	agent of her h	iusband.				
	□ Where the lo	oan has been taken				
	for the purc					
		isband has failed to				
	provide.					
Q. 15			CBSE Study Mat.	3	82	2
	Call money is any	"Notice	,			
	type of short-	Money" means				
	term, interest-	borrowing or				
	earning financial	lending in				
	loan that the	unsecured funds				
	borrower has to	for tenors up to				
	pay back	and inclusive of				
	immediately whenever the	14 days excluding				
	lender demands	overnight borrowing or				
	it.	lending;				
	"Call Money"	"Notice Money"				
	means deals in	means deals in				
	overnight funds	funds for 2 – 14				
	or issued for one	days in money				
	day in money	market.				
	market.					
Q. 16	When a negotiable i	nstrument is	CBSE Study Mat.	4	137	2
	dishonoured the hol			•		-
	prior parties' i.e. the	•				
	indorsers after he ha					
	dishonour to them	Siven a noule of				

Q. 17	ny 2 out of the given 3 questions in 30–50 words Computerization: Aims at reducing the	CBSE Study Mat.	1	25	3
Q. 17	 time taken in clearing, balancing and settlement, apart from providing accuracy in the final settlement. Mechanisation: of the clearing operations by introducing the MICR (Magnetic Ink Character Recognition) code. High Value Clearing(HVC): introduced by the Reserve Bank was aimed at faster clearing of large value cheques from select branches of banks for same day settlement. 		Ţ	23	
Q. 18	 Money laundering is the process whereby the proceeds of crimes (like drug trafficking, child pornography etc.) are transformed into legitimate money or other assets. Money obtained from certain crimes, such as extortion, insider trading, prostitution, drug trafficking, illegal gambling or tax evasion is "dirty". Objectives of Prevention of Money Laundering are: To prevent criminal elements from using the banking system for Money laundering activities To enable the bank to know / understand the customers and their financial dealings better. This in turn would help the bank to manage the risk prudently 	CBSE Study Mat.	2	61	3
Q. 19	The legal effect of negotiation by endorsement and delivery is: (i) To transfer property in the instrument from the endorser to the endorsee. (ii) To vest in the latter the right of further negotiation, and (iii) A right to sue on the instrument in his own name against all the other parties (Section 50).	CBSE Study Mat.	4	136	3
	ny 3 out of the given 5 questions in 50– 80 words	-	-	24	-
Q. 20	 Functions of RBI 1) Monetary authority 2) Regulator and supervisor of the financial system: 3) Manager of Foreign Exchange 4) Issuer of Currency 5) Developmental role (Any four) 	CBSE Study Mat.	1	24	4

Q. 21	a.	Mona will open a Fixed Deposit: High	CBSE Study Mat.	2	50-53	4
		rates of interest applicable to Term				
		Deposits				
	b.	Roma will open a Savings Account:				
		Liquidity to access those savings any				
		time				
	c.	Reema will go for Current Account:				
		Keep track of business transactions.				
	d.	Sona will go for opening Recurring				
		Account: Helps to create a fund for				
		your child's education or marriage of				
		your daughter or buy a car without				
		loans or save for the future				

Q. 22	Credit Information Bureau (India) Limited (CIBIL) CIBIL collects commercial and consumer credit-related data and collates such data to create and distribute credit reports to its Members which are credit institutions and banks in India. the Credit Information Report (CIR) and CIBIL Trans-Union Score are very important in the loan approval process. Once the loan provider has decided which set of loan applicants to evaluate,	CBSE Study Mat.	3	92	4
Q. 23	 it analyzes the CIR / Score in order to determine the applicant's eligibility The term 'Overdraft' is used for the unsecured open ended facility given to a borrower-for example to professionals like doctors, lawyers, advocates etc. or to any other individuals without security (depending on the creditworthiness of the borrower) or against security like Fixed Deposits, Government securities, Stocks and Bonds, Life Insurance Policies etc. 1. Cost – Overdrafts carry interest and fees; often at much higher rates than loans. This makes them expensive. 2. Recall – Unless specified in the terms and conditions, the bank can recall the entire overdrafts may be secured 3. Security – Overdrafts may be secured 	CBSE Study Mat.	3	103	4
Q. 24	by business assets, which put them at risk if you cannot meet repayments. Characteristics of Negotiable instrument	CBSE Study Mat.	4	123	4
ų, 24	 are: Instrument in writing Unconditional order / promise A cheque is drawn on a specific banker The promise or acceptance to pay is for payment of money and money only Certainty of the sum Payable to order or bearer: 	CDSE Study Widt.			