# **CBSE | DEPARTMENT OF SKILL EDUCATION**

## **YOGA (SUBJECT CODE 841)**

Marking scheme for Sample Question Paper for Class XII (Session 2020-2021)

Max. Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 50

#### **General Instructions:**

- 1. Please read the instructions carefully.
- 2. This Question Paper consists of 21 questions in two sections: Section A & Section B.
- 3. Section A has Objective type questions whereas Section B contains Subjective type questions.
- 4. Out of the given (5 + 16 =) 21 questions, a candidate has to answer (5 + 10 =) 15 questions in the allotted (maximum) time of 2 hours.
- 5. All questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.
- 6. SECTION A OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (24 MARKS):
  - i. This section has 05 questions.
  - ii. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.
  - iii. There is no negative marking.
  - iv. Do as per the instructions given.

#### 7. SECTION B – SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (26 MARKS):

- i. This section has 16 questions.
- ii. A candidate has to do 10 questions.
- iii. Do as per the instructions given.
- iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

# **SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS**

A. 1	Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions on Employability Skills (1 x 4 = 4 marks)	
i.	C.	1
ii.	A.	1
iii.	B.	1
iv.	C.	1
v.	c.	1
vi.	D.	1

A. 2	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)	
i.	B.	1
ii.	B.	1
iii.	D.	1
iv.	D.	1
v.	D.	1
vi.	D.	1

A. 3	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)	
i.	C.	1
ii.	C.	1
iii.	C.	1
iv.	A.	1
v.	B.	1
vi.	B.	1

A. 4	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)	
i.	C.	1
ii.	A.	1
iii.	A.	1
iv.	A.	1
v.	B.	1
vi.	D.	1

A. 5	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)	
i.	C.	1
ii.	D.	1
iii.	D.	1
iv.	B.	1
v.	B.	1
vi.	C.	1

## **SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS**

Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions on Employability Skills (2 x 3 = 6 marks) Answer each question in 20 - 30 words.

A. 6	Organizational Skills For Entrepreneurs :	2
	They are tech-savvy. Everything from mobile phones to automobiles is affected by technology	
	They know how to delegate	
	They know how to manage time	
	They are adept at problem-solving	
	They have great interpersonal skills	
	They make lists for the day, week and month.	
	They use traditional productivity tools.	
A. 7	Click on the Export Directly as PDF icon on the Standard bar.	2
	The Export dialog box appears.	
	Select the drive and the folder where you want to save the file.	
	Type the file name and clik OK button.	
A. 8	In 2008 the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP), the International Labour Organization (ILO), the International Trade Union Confederation (ITUC), and the International Employers Organization (IEO) jointly launched the Green Jobs	2
	Initiative.	
A. 9	Active listening is a life skill learned over time through self-awareness, mindfulness and attention to detail. Apply active listening in the workplace to help improve working relationships, understand tasks and grow both professionally and personally	2
A. 10	Self-motivation is the force that keeps pushing us to go on – it's our internal drive to achieve, produce, develop, and keep moving forward. When you think you're ready to quit something, or you just don't know how to start, your self-motivation is what pushes you to go on.	2
	Self-motivation gives your vision: In order to be happy in life, you need to fulfil your dreams. In order to fulfil your dreams, you must recognize them	
	• It helps you overcome negative influencers in life: There are so many negative stimuli that try to bring you down, discourage you and kill your spirit.	

### Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions in 20 - 30 words each $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ marks})$

A. 11	In medicine, the body's response to physical, mental, or emotional	2
	pressure. Stress causes chemical changes in the body that can raise blood pressure,	
	heart rate, and blood sugar levels. It may also lead to feelings of frustration,	
	anxiety, anger, or depression	
A. 12	Mental health is defined as a state of well-being in which every individual realizes	2
	his or her own potential, can cope with the normal stresses of life, can work	
	productively and fruitfully, and is able to make a contribution to her or his	
	community.	

A. 13	When you are stressed you may experience many different feelings, including	2
A. 13		
	anxiety, fear, anger, sadness, or frustration. These feelings can sometimes feed on	
	each other and produce physical symptoms, making you feel even worse. For some	
	people, stressful life events can contribute to symptoms of depression	
A. 14	Shatkarma means six karmas or kriyas. The karma/kriya means	2
	'action'. Shatkarma consists of purificatory processes which cleanse the specific	
	organs of the body by detoxifying them These are used to clean the internal	
	organs or systems by using water, air or manipulation of certain organs of the	
	body.	
A. 15	The 10 Best Yoga Poses for Back Pain	2
	Cat-Cow.	
	Downward-Facing Dog.	
	Extended Triangle.	
	Sphinx Pose.	
	Cobra Pose.	
	Locust Pose.	
	Bridge Pose.	
	Half Lord of the Fishes.	
A. 16	Yoga Sadhana is the means to let go of the ego, personal agendas and attachments	2
	and is a discipline undertaken in the pursuit of a goal. It can be used as a tool to	
	help work on yourself, to re-discover the purpose of your life, to help open doors	
	and to let you live your life as you desire.	
	Anything that is practiced with awareness, discipline and the intention of spiritual	
	growth can be considered as sadhana, but it must be practiced alone and for the	
	sake of the individual. As such, it does not need to be a physical activity; even daily	
	self-study of yogic or spiritual scriptures is a form of sadhana.	

### Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions in 50-80 words each $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ marks})$

	and a control and green a questions in so the first control control and the control control and the control co	
A. 17	Nauli is one of the kriyas or shatkarmas, preliminary purifications, used in yoga. The	4
	exercise is claimed to serve the cleaning of the abdominal region - digestive organs,	
	small intestine- and is based on a massage of the internal belly organs by a circular	
	movement of the abdominal muscles.	
	The classic position for getting started on nauli is by standing up, bending the trunk	
	forward slightly, and supporting the hands on the thighs. A complete breath is	
	exhaled and then the stomach is brought in. The abdominal muscles are then	
	isolated and contracted before being moved in a circle.	
	It is one of six <i>shatkarma</i> , or purification methods, used in Hatha yoga. Nauli is	
	believed to improve overall health and increase vitality. It also invigorates	
	the <i>manipura</i> and <i>svadisthana</i> chakras.	
	This is an advanced technique that is difficult to learn and should only be carried out	
	under the instruction of an experienced teacher. Ideally, it is performed in the	
	morning on an empty stomach.	
A. 18	Physical. Frequent colds or flu, headaches, trouble sleeping, muscle tension, skin	4
7. 10	problems, trouble with digestion	7
	problems, trouble with digestion	

	Mental. Poor concentration, forgetfulness, learning problems, frequent negative	
	thoughts, speech problems	
	<b>Emotional.</b> Anxiety, depression, anger, irritability, feelings of helplessness, lack of	
	purpose, relationship troubles	
	Behavioral. Eating poorly, driving recklessly, abusing alcohol or drugs, being	
	accident prone, showing aggression	
A. 19	Nutrients are environmental substances used for energy, growth, and bodily	4
	functions by organisms. Depending on the nutrient, these substances are needed in	
	small amounts or larger amounts. Those that are needed in large amounts are called	
	macronutrients.	
	There are three macronutrients required by humans: carbohydrates (sugar), lipids	
	(fats), and proteins. Each of these macronutrients provides energy in the form of	
	calories. For example:	
	In carbohydrates, there are 4 calories per gram.	
	In proteins, there are 4 calories per gram.	
	And in lipids, there are 9 calories per gram.	
	This means that if you look at a food label and it lists 10 grams of carbohydrates, 0	
	grams of protein, and 0 grams of fat, that food would contain 40 calories.	
A. 20	Hatha yoga is a branch of yoga primarily concerned with mastery of the body,	4
	and it is arguably the tradition most familiar to Western culture. The term is	
	derived from the Sanskrit ha, meaning "sun," and tha, meaning "moon," leading	
	to the common interpretation that Hatha practices are designed to unite and	
	balance these two energies. However, the literal translation of Hatha is "force,"	
	alluding to the physical techniques used within this tradition.	
	Traditionally, Hatha yoga offered a total life philosophy, incorporating how we	
	relate to external and internal experience as a path to inner peace. One of the	
	most prominent ancient texts on Hatha yoga is Patanjali's Yoga Sutras, a series	
	of 196 aphorisms written in Sanskrit around 400 AD.	
	Patanjali describes Hatha yoga as an eightfold path, consisting of eight mind-	
	body disciplines to be mastered. All other physical practices of yoga such as	
	Vinyasa, Ashtanga and Iyengar stemmed from the Hatha yoga tradition.	
A. 21	1. Have a Morning Routine. How you start your morning sets the tone for the rest of	4
	the day. Make sure that you have an attitude-boosting morning routine that puts	
	you in a good mood so that you can start the day off right.	
	2. Carry An Attitude of Happiness With You. Instead of waiting for external things to	
	make you happy, be happy and then watch how that influences the things that go	
	on around you.	
	3. Relish Small Pleasures. Big pleasures—graduation, getting married, being	
	promoted, having your book published—come too infrequently. Life is made up	
	of tiny victories and simple pleasures.	
	4. Upload Positivity to Your Brain. Read books with a positive message, listen to	
	4. Upload Positivity to Your Brain. Read books with a positive message, listen to music with uplifting lyrics, and watch movies in which the protagonist's optimism	