

CBSE | DEPARTMENT OF SKILL EDUCATION

APPAREL (SUBJECT CODE 414)

CLASS IX (SESSION 2021-2022) BLUE PRINT FOR SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER FOR TERM -1

Max. Time Allowed: 1 Hour

Max. Marks: 25

PART A - EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS (05 MARKS):

UNIT NO.	NAME OF THE UNIT	NO. OF QUESTIONS (1 MARK EACH)
1	Communication Skills-I	2
2	Self-Management Skills-I	2
3	Information and Communication Technology Skills-I	2
TOTAL QUESTIONS		6 Questions
NO. OF QUESTIONS TO BE ANSWERED		Any 5 Questions
TOTAL MARKS		1 x 5 = 5 Marks

PART B - SUBJECT SPECIFIC SKILLS (20 MARKS):

UNIT NO.	NAME OF THE UNIT	NO. OF QUESTIONS (1 MARK EACH)
Unit 1	Basics of Hand Embroidery	11
Unit 2	Material and Basic Stitches for Hand Embroidery	16
TOTAL QUESTIONS		27 Questions
NO. OF QUESTIONS TO BE ANSWERED		20 Questions
TOTAL MARKS		1 x 20 = 20 MARKS

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Max. Time Allowed: 1 Hour

Max. Marks: 25

General Instructions:

1. Please read the instructions carefully
2. This Question Paper is divided into 03 sections, viz., Section A, Section B and Section C.
3. Section A is of 05 marks and has 06 questions on Employability Skills.
4. Section B is of 15 marks and has 20 questions on Subject specific Skills.
5. Section C is of 05 marks and has 07 competency-based questions.
6. Do as per the instructions given in the respective sections.
7. Marks allotted are mentioned against each section/question.
8. All questions must be attempted in the correct order

SECTION A

Answer any 5 questions out of the given 6 questions on Employability Skills (1 x 5 = 5 marks)

1.	What is a purpose of 'home button' on a mobile phone device? a. This brings you back to the screen from wherever you are in your mobile, whether you are on another page or using an App. b. This takes you back to the previous screen in an application. c. This is used to show the options available in a particular app. d. This helps in using maps .	1
2.	Sports coaches pat on the back of the players to encourage the players. Which non verbal communication is used here? a. Touch b. Body language c. Para language d. Facial gesture	1
3.	How will you identify your areas of strength? a. By pointing out the areas where you struggle and what you find difficult to do. b. Taking each task easily c. Think of anything that you are always not good at. d. Take time off to think about what you do well.	1
4.	The words 'a', 'an' and 'the' are known as _____. They are generally used before nouns. a. Conjunctions b. Articles c. Prepositions d. Pronouns	1

5.	There are 3 main parts of the CPU. One of the parts acts as an accountant of a company and performs all the mathematical and logical calculations. Which is one is that? a. Processing unit b. Memory unit c. Control unit d. Printing unit	1
6.	An ability to control your behavior & discipline is called as _____ a. Self awareness b. Self confidence c. Self control d. Self care	1

SECTION B

Answer any 15 questions out of the given 20 questions

(1 x 15 = 15 marks)

7.	_____ is the material used to give support and stability to the fabric being embroidered. a. Fusing b. Backing c. Framing d. Pasting	1
8.	_____ stitches cover large areas and have a flat look. a. Hooping b. Ruche c. Chain stitch d. Filling stitch	1
9.	Assertion: Filling yarns have generally less twist than warp yarns. Reason: Filling yarns are subjected to less strain than warp yarns in weaving. a. A is correct but R is not the correct explanation. b. A is correct and R is the correct explanation. c. A is incorrect but R is the correct explanation. d. Both A and R are incorrect	1
10.	_____ is used to prevent the unravelling of stitches after embroidery is completed. a. Puckering b. Backstitch c. Double stitch d. Locking stitch	1
11.	What is Gapping in Embroidery? a. Spaces between the stitches b. Stitch length per inch c. Stitch width per inch d. Stitch density	1
12.	Richa wants to finish an unhemmed blanket of her bedroom. Which ornamental stitch is suggested? a. Appliqué stitch b. Blanket stitch c. Chain stitch d. Running stitch	1

13.	What is not used for tracing the Design? a. Chalk powder or indigo b. Kerosene oil c. Embroidery frame d. Scissors	1
14.	Pencil rub method is used to _____ a. To transfer the Design b. To make fancy design c. To erase the design d. To enhance the beauty of design	1
15.	_____stitch is mostly worked in straight line, curves and letters. a. Stem stitch b. Zardozi stitch c. Chain stitch d. Running stitch	1
16.	What is Gota? a. Simple flat metal wire b. Narrow ribbon or strip is attached for decorating the fabrics. c. Sewing pieces of fabrics on to larger design d. Rectangular piece of fabric	1
17.	_____is a type of weave with diagonal parallel ribs. a. Nap weave b. Pile weave c. Twill weave d. Plain weave	1
18.	A term is used to enlarge or minimize the size of design without changing the elements of design. a. SPI b. Scale c. Grading d. Setting	1
19.	Because of its gentle shine and draping qualities, it is mostly used for evening wear, bridal wear and party wear. Which yarn/fabric is pointed out here? a. Satin b. Velvet c. Silk d. Cotton	1
20.	The pattern pricked on the transparent sheet of paper, that is pinned to the fabric is called _____. a. Tilla b. Gota c. Khaka d. Patti	1
21.	What is the limitation associated with using metallic embroidery frame? a. may draw the yarns of the fabric, hence damage the fabric or the embroidered pattern. b. stains the fabric because of the rusting. c. fine edge may be pricked in the fingers of the embroiderer. d. Expensive in price	1

22.	It is used to cut the fabric to prevent fabric edges from unravelling. a. Pinking shears b. Micro tip scissors c. Small scissors d. Large scissors	1
23.	Differentiate between abstract and natural designs. a. Natural designs are inspired from nature, like birds, trees etc. and Abstract designs are away from what appears in real. b. Natural designs are inspired from nature, like birds, trees etc. and Abstract designs include scenes or designs from mythological epics. c. Natural designs are inspired from nature, like birds, trees etc. and Abstract designs include ancient historic monument designs. d. There is no difference between abstract and natural design	1
24.	What is the benefit of using stranded cotton thread in embroidery? a. It is available in many colours b. It has high strength c. The strands can be separated and recombined in any number to achieve differing thickness and effects. d. This thread has good colour fastness.	1
25.	It is a type of needle with a hook at its tip to do the embroidery. a. Aari b. Adda c. Applique d. Attire	1
26.	What is the blade length of scissors that is commonly used by hand embroiders? a. 3-5 inches b. 2-5 inches c. 4 -6 inches d. 5-7 inches	1

SECTION C
(COMPETENCY BASED QUESTIONS)

Answer any 5 questions out of the given 7 questions

(1 x 5 = 5 marks)

The most essential tool without which hand embroidery is not possible is the needle. It has three parts, namely the eye, shaft and point. Also thread plays an important role in embroidery. The factors to keep in mind while selecting a thread are colour, texture, length, thickness and suitability to the final effect of the embroidery pattern.

27.	These needles are commonly used in counted thread work such as cross stitch, pulled and drawn thread work, and lacing on composite stitches. a. Tapestry needle b. Crewel needle c. Milliner needle d. Sharp tip needle	1
28.	Name the thread that adds shine and glamour to the embroidery work. a. Metallic thread b. Pearl cotton c. Silk thread d. Cotton thread	1

29.	<p>What is an advantage of using overdyed thread?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> gives the embroidery pattern a totally different look because of changes of colour at short intervals. give a brighter and shimmery look in the embroidery. used to give the embroidery pattern a special look. Cheap in price 	1
30.	<p>Which needle is appropriate for lazy-daisy stitches?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Chenille needle Milliner needle Tapestry needle Embroidery needle 	1
31.	<p>Different brands of needles some time offer different numbers to the needle. What does this number indicate?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the higher the number, the finer would be the needle the higher the number, the blunt would be the needle the lower the number, the finer would be the needle the lower the number, the blunt would be the needle 	1
32.	<p>Renu faces problem in threading a needle. Which material can help her to overcome this problem?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Seam ripper Fabric glue Needle threader Scissors 	1
33.	<p>Differentiate between sharp needle and beading needle.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Sharp needle is mainly used as a sewing needle and has a small eye. It may also be used for embroidery. Beading needle is a long, very fine needle with a tiny eye for small beads. Sharp needle has blunt needle tip, but shorter. Beading needle is a long, very fine needle with a tiny eye for small beads. Sharp needle has blunt needle tip, but longer and thin. Beading needle is a long, very fine needle with a tiny eye for small beads. There is not much difference, so it can be used interchangeably. 	1