

# CBSE | DEPARTMENT OF SKILL EDUCATION

## GEOSPATIAL TECHNOLOGY (SUBJECT CODE -818)

### Blue print for Sample Question Paper for Class XII (Session 2020-2021)

Max. Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

#### PART A - EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS (10 MARKS):

UNIT NO.	NAME OF THE UNIT	OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS	SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS	TOTAL QUESTIONS
		1 MARK EACH	2 MARKS EACH	
1	Communication Skills-IV	1	1	2
2	Self-Management Skills-IV	2	1	3
3	Information and Communication Technology Skills-IV	1	1	2
4	Entrepreneurial Skills-IV	1	1	2
5	Green Skills-IV	1	1	2
TOTAL QUESTIONS		6	5	11
NO. OF QUESTIONS TO BE ANSWERED		Any 4	Any 3	
TOTAL MARKS		1 x 4 = 4	2 x 3 = 6	10 MARKS

#### PART B - SUBJECT SPECIFIC SKILLS (50 MARKS):

UNIT NO.	NAME OF THE UNIT	OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS	SHORT ANS. TYPE QUES.- I	SHORT ANS. TYPE QUES.- II	DESCRIPTIVE/ LONG ANS. TYPE QUESTIONS	TOTAL QUESTIONS
		1 MARK EACH	2 MARKS EACH	3 MARKS EACH	4 MARKS EACH	
1	Remote Sensing	9	2	1	2	14
2	Geographic Information System	9	1	1	2	13
3	Global Positioning System	6	1	1	-	8
4	Trends in Geospatial Technology	5	1	-	-	6
5	Application of Geospatial Technology	3	-	-	1	4
TOTAL QUESTIONS		32	5	3	5	45
NO. OF QUESTIONS TO BE ANSWERED		26	Any 3	Any 2	Any 3	
TOTAL MARKS		1 x 26 = 26	2 x 3 = 6	3 x 2 = 6	4 x 3 = 12	50 MARKS

# CBSE | DEPARTMENT OF SKILL EDUCATION

## GEOSPATIAL TECHNOLOGY (SUBJECT CODE - 818)

### Sample Question Paper for Class XII (Session 2020-2021)

Max. Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

#### General Instructions:

1. Please read the instructions carefully.
2. This Question Paper consists of **24 questions** in two sections – Section A & Section B.
3. Section A has Objective type questions whereas Section B contains Subjective type questions.
4. **Out of the given (6 + 18 =) 24 questions, a candidate has to answer (6 + 11 =) 17 questions in the allotted (maximum) time of 3 hours.**
5. All questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.
6. **SECTION A - OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (30 MARKS):**
  - i. This section has 06 questions.
  - ii. There is no negative marking.
  - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
  - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.
7. **SECTION B – SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (30 MARKS):**
  - i. This section contains 18 questions.
  - ii. A candidate has to do 11 questions.
  - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
  - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

## SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. 1	Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions on Employability Skills (1 x 4 = 4 marks)	
i.	Which of the following is not a type of communication?  1. Verbal  2. Visual  3. Written  4. Neo-verbal	1
ii.	_____ is relatively enduring set of traits.  A. Habit  B. Personality  C. Behavior  D. Mood	1
iii.	Which is not a trait of emotional stability?  A. Anxious  B. Calm  C. Self-confident  D. Cool	1
iv.	_____ is a software that helps in performing calculations using formulae and in analyzing the data.	1
v.	_____ refers to the capacity to adjust one's thoughts and behaviors to effectively respond to uncertainty.	1
vi.	_____ provide solutions to environmental problems by using engineering, biology, and chemistry.	1

Q. 2	Answer any 5 out of the given 7 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)	
i.	Which are the shortest waves of Electromagnetic spectrum?  1. Visible  2. Infrared  3. Microwave	1

	4. Gamma	
ii.	The radiation reflected as a function of the wavelength is called _____ of the surface. A. Resolution B. Spectral signature C. Projection D. Pixelization	1
iii.	Which is not an algorithm of supervised classification? A. Parallel piped B. Minimum Distance C. K Means D. Maximum Likelihood	1
iv.	Which method is used to remove noise from images? A. Resampling B. Rectification C. Geotagging D. Mosaicking	1
v.	What is the spatial resolution of IKONOS? A. 5.8m B. 2.5m C. 1m D. 0.8m	1
vi.	Natural features are generally more _____ in shape. A. Regular B. Irregular C. Visible D. Firm	1

<b>vii.</b>	Which is not a component of GIS?  A. Maps  B. People  C. Organization  D. Procedures	<b>1</b>
-------------	--	----------

<b>Q. 3</b>	<b>Answer any 6 out of the given 7 questions (1 x 6 = 6 marks)</b>	
<b>i.</b>	Which data model is the simplest data structure?  A. Vector  B. Raster  C. Spaghetti  D. Topological	<b>1</b>
<b>ii.</b>	Which data model is also known as line/arc/node data model?  A. Spaghetti  B. Topological  C. Raster  D. Vector	<b>1</b>
<b>iii.</b>	The polygon D is inside the polygon B shows which property of topological data structure?  A. Connectivity  B. Adjacency  C. Proximity  D. Containment	<b>1</b>
<b>iv.</b>	Transformation of information from analog format to digital format is called-  A. Scanning  B. Digitization  C. Vectorization  D. Transformation	<b>1</b>

v.	Which errors occur by selecting wrong control points?  A. Geo-referencing errors  B. Scanning errors  C. Human errors  D. Thematic errors	1
vi.	The needle of the compass always points _____.  A. East  B. West  C. North  D. South	1
vii.	Which Global Navigation System was developed by European Union?  A. Glonass  B. Galileo  C. Navstar  D. Naivik	

4.	<b>Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)</b>	
i.	Which type of GPS can provide horizontal accuracy within a cm?  A. Recreational  B. Mapping  C. Survey  D. Navigational	1
ii.	Altitude error is always _____ than the horizontal error.  A. Better  B. Worse  C. Equal  D. Unequal	1

iii.	What is the other name of Multispectral image? A. Panchromatic B. RGB C. Thermal D. Hyperspectral	1
iv.	What is LBS? A. Location based services B. Location based station C. Logistic based services D. Light based Sonar	1
v.	Which GIS can create, edit and uses GIS maps in the field? A. Web GIS B. Enterprise GIS C. Mobile GIS D. Open GIS	1
vi.	Which is not an input of a hazard map? A. Topographic map B. Satellite images C. Census data D. Economic data	1

5.	<b>Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)</b>	
i.	_____ refers to the relative brightness of objects in an image.	1
ii.	_____ is used to measure chemical concentrations in the atmosphere.	1
iii.	_____ is geometric relation of point, line & area which is used for establishing spatial relationships.	1
iv.	_____ is the most used international plane coordinate system developed by the US army.	1

v.	_____ are inaccuracies of the satellite's reported location.	1
vi.	_____ GIS is a system that is integrated through an entire organization.	1

6.	<b>Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)</b>	
i.	_____ departments are responsible for maintaining, updating & storage of land base map and electric network for operations area.	1
ii.	What are training sites?	1
iii.	Name the datum used for the maps of India.	1
iv.	Name the basic principle used in GPS to determine the receiver's location.	1
v.	Mention a benefit of 3D visualization in GIS.	1
vi.	Suggest any two uses of Geospatial technology in Security and Defense.	1

## **SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS**

**Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions on Employability Skills (2 x 3 = 6 marks)**

**Answer each question in 20 – 30 words.**

7.	Name the four types of sentences.	2
8.	Explain any two benefits of self-motivation.	2
9.	Explain any two competencies that are found in successful entrepreneurs.	2
10.	Explain any two competencies that are found in successful entrepreneurs.	2
11.	Explain any two examples of green jobs.	2

**Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions in 20 – 30 words each (2 x 3 = 6 marks)**

12.	Why microwave spectrum is widely used in Remote Sensing?	2
13.	Mention any four factors which affect the spectral signature of water.	2
14.	What is Edge matching? Explain.	2
15.	Explain any two errors occur in GPS accuracy.	2
16.	What is Universal address system? Explain.	2

**Answer any 2 out of the given 3 questions in 30– 50 words each (3 x 2 = 6 marks)**

17.	What is Geometric distortion? How can we rectify it?	3
18.	How GIS is an efficient way of data storage and management. Explain.	3
19.	How DGPS provide more accuracy than GPS? Explain.	3

**Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions in 50– 80 words each (4 x 3 = 12 marks)**

20.	Image interpretation is an important process to understand the satellite images. Explain the keys which are used to interpret an image.	4
21.	What is microwave sensing? Explain any one active microwave sensor in detail.	4
22.	Why topological data model is the most widely used method in GIS? Explain.	4
23.	What are coordinate systems? Differentiate between Geographic and Projected coordinate systems.	4
24.	How Geospatial technology can be helpful in dealing with the present situation of Covid-19 pandemic? Explain.	4